TERROR OF THE SEA

Cruiser Brooklyn Simply Annihilated the Enemy's Warships.

DESTROYED THE VIZCAYA

SPANISH COMMANDER'S OPIN-ION OF THE FLAGSHIP.

Expected to Ram the Brooklyn, But Narrowly Escaped Being Rammed Himself-Spanish Gunners Terrorized By the Brooklyn's Broadsides-One Shell Killed Half the Men On the Gun Deck.

Santiago de Cuba, July 6 (via Charleston, S. C., July 12).-Through Lieutenant of Marines Thomas S. Borden, who conversed in French with the prisoner, an interview was obtained for the Associated Press with Captain Eulate of the armored cruiser Vizcaya. He

said:
"The entire squadron was ordered to devote the fire of their guns to the cruiser Brooklyn, because it was believed that she was the only ship in the American squadron that could overtake its. When we got out of the harbor our ship was second in line, and I saw our fineship was setting a terrible hartism. fingship was getting a terrible baptism of fire. It was frightful. The Texas and Brooklyn were just riddling her, and in 15 minutes I saw she was on

The Iowa and Oregon were firing on the Oquendo and as yet I had not been badly hit. The Brooklyn was a half mile closer to us than any other ship, and I did try to ram her, so that the Colon and Oquendo could get away, and I started for her. She was a good mark, with her big broadside, and as I started I thought surely I would get her, but she had evidently seen us, and very quickly she turned about and, very quickly she turned about and, making a short circles, came at our port side, so that I thought she would ram us. I moved in toward shore, so that I could avoid her, and then I saw that the Oquendo had gone ashore also, her steamploes evidently having been

severed by a shell.
"The maneuvering of the Brooklyn was beautiful. We opened a rapid fire at her, with our big guns, but she reat ner, with our oig guns, out size re-turned it with terrible effect. The Oregon also hit us several times, but the Brooklyn's broadside crashing into our superstructure simply terrorized the men. We worked all our guns at her, and I don't see how she escaped us. She simply drove us into shore, at one time fighting us at 1,100 yards. One shell went along the entire gundeck, killing half the men on it and wounded nearly all the rest. A shell from the Oregon hit the superstructure, and it was then that, wounded and knowing that we could not get away, I struck the flag and started for the beach. I did not instruct the men to load the guns and do not know why they were loaded. We were on fire badly and when those men who were alive started to swim for shore, the Cubans on shore shot at us until the American ships ar-rived and stopped them. The Brook-lyn had prevented me from getting away, for I could have beaten the Ore-gon out, as I had a two-mile lead of

"My orders were to try and sink the Brooklyn, and I tried to carry them out. I did not think that her battery could be so terrible as it was."

CALLED ON CERVERA.

Commodore Schley Has An Interview With the Spanish Admiral. (Correspondence of the Associated Press.)

Off Santiago de Cuba, July 4 .- On

commodore and said: "Ah, sailors always are gentlemen."

He then said he thought his dead would probably number 750, though he could not tell definitely.

He spoke of the accuracy and deadliners of the Brooklyn's fire, saying that in the early part of the action one of her shells had traversed the entire length of the gun deck, killing and wounding probably 80 men. On the Vizcaya alone there were 110 men killed, Admiral Cervera said he feared the losses might be greater than he anticipated, for many men were below the protective deck and when the ships were on fire it must have been difficulty.

Orders to go to their ships at once. Notice of the departure of the vessels therefore may be looked for at any moment.

PHILIPPINE EXPEDITION.

Two Will Sail Within the Next Ten Days.

San Francisco, July 12—Plans are nearly completed for the departure of the vessels therefore may be looked for at any moment.

PHILIPPINE EXPEDITION. were on fire it must have been diffi-cult for them to escape. He added that all his captains had been killed or wounded, but later it was found that the captain of the Cristobal Colon was

Admiral Cervera also said that he had no doubt that but at least three of the ships would have gotten away had it not been for the Brooklyn, Oregon and Texas

"VICE ADMIRAL" SCHLEY.

Brilliant Victory Celebrated By His

Fellow Townsmen. Frederick, Md., July 12.-An enthusiactic demonstration in honor of Commodore Winfield Scott Schley and his brilliant victory at Santiago was held in this city tonight. The commodore was born here it 1840, and many of those who participated in tonight's celthose who participated in toright's celebration were life-long friends of the naval hero. After a procession in which several thousand persons took part, a mass meeting was held in Court House square. Hon, James McSperry, chief of the Maryland court of appeais, presided, and addressed the assemblage. Hon, E. R. Wood of Frederick and Mrs. Donald McLean, regent of the New York chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, also delivered patriotic addresses. Resolutions were adopted amid great enthusiasm, congratulating Commodore Schiey upon his splendid victory. These were signed by the city officials, engrossed and forwarded to the "vice admiral of the United States navy."

"HEAD MONEY" TO BE PAID.

Officers and Men of Sampson's Fleet Receive \$208,000.

Washington, July 12-Something

REGAINED HEALTH.

Gratifying Letters to Mrs. Pinkham From Happy Women.

"I Owe You My Life."

Mrs. E. WOOLHISER, Mills, Neb., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:-I owe my life to your Vegetable Compound. The doctors said I had consumption and nothing could be done for me. My menstruation had stopped and they said my blood was turning to water. I had several doctors. They all said I Chairman Prentiss Declared That the could not live. I began the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it helped me right away; menses returned and I have gained in weight. I have better health than I have had for It is wonderful what your Compound has done for me."

"I Feel Like a New Person."

Mrs. GEO. LEACH,

1609 Belle St., Alton, Ill., writes: "Before I began to take your Vegetable Compound I was a great sufferer from womb trouble. Menses would appear two and three times in a month, causing me to be so weak I could not stand. I could neither sleep nor eat, and looked so badly my friends hardly

"I took doctor's medicine but did not derive much benefit from it. My druggist gave me one of your little books, and after reading it I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I feel like a new person. I would not give your Compound for all the doctors' medicine in the world. I can not praise it enough."

Spanish vessels destroyed off Santiago to have been as follows: Vizcaya, 500; Maria Teresa, 500. Almirante Oquendo, 500; Cristobal Colon, 450; Furor, 65; Plu-ton, 70; total, 2,087.

on this reckoning the government will pay to the officers and men of Sampson's fleet \$208,700. The figures in Commodore Watson's dispatch to the navy department are slightly different, but change the result only a trifle.

SAMPSON AND SCHLEY.

Controversy Over the Credit For the Naval Victory.

Washington, July 12.—Secretary Long has been in receipt of telegrams of a personal nature from Commodore Schley, and it is believed from Admi-ral Sampson as well. It is supposed they have been called forth by the they have been called forth by the newspapers' controversy over the credit for the victory of the Spanish squadron, a controversy which is most earnestly deprecated by the officials of the ravy department. Secretary Long declines to make public these cablegrams, though it is believed they tend to demonstrate the existence of good relations between the two officers and a disposition on the part of both to be adjudged strictly according to the canons of naval law. Admiral Sampson has cabled to the department that he believes the wrecking plant, which is now lleves the wrecking plant, which is now on its way down to Santiago to en-deavor to rave same of the Spanish ships, is sufficient for the purpose, so far as the question of its capacity is concerned. The naval officers are parconcerned. The naval officers are par-ticularly desirous that the Cristobal Colon shall be saved and placed on the American list under the anglicised pame of Christopher Columbus.

WATSON'S EXPEDITION.

Eastern Squadron May Depart For

Off Santiago de Cuba, July 4—On the return of the United States cruiser Brocklyn to the blockade off Santiago de Cuba on the evening of July 3, the Jova reported to Commodore Schley that Admiral Cervera, the admiral of the Spanish fleet, was on board. The commodore at once went over to pay his respects. The Spanish admiral vas much cast down by his defeat, but preserved a dignified and courteous demands on the expanding of the Brocklyn of the Erosklyn to the Brocklyn of the Brocklyn of the Erosklyn of the Spanish fleet, was on board. The commodore at once went over to pay his respects. The Spanish admiral vas much cast down by his defeat, but preserved a dignified and courteous demands on the east and they are rushing preparations for the despatch of Commodore and soldly did not exuit by cheering when it was learned that he was that the the proposed against San Juan destraits a present on the lows. He replied a present on the lows. He replied a present on the lows are continued to the commodore Schley did not exual by the east and they are rushing present was with Spain and strated by every consideration of pustical by the east and they are rushing present was with Spain and strated by every consideration of pustical by the east and they are rushing present was a formed and the elegated of the Brooklyn did not exual by the east and they are rushing present and the expanish fleet, was on the lows. He responsed against San Juan destructions proposed against San Juan destruction

San Francisco, July 12.—Plans are nearly completed for the departure of the next two expeditions for the Philippines. A slight change in the assignment of signal corps men has been made, and instead of the full company.

Fusion made, and instead of the full company, only a detachment of eight of the corps will go on the expedition to sail next Thursday or Friday. General Otis and his staff are ready for departure. The fleet of transports to follow as expected to get away in less than ten days, and some officers fix the date as early as next Monday. The troops for these will not be designated for two or three will not be designated for two or three days. General Otis issued an order placing Brigadier General Miller in command of all troops left at Camp Merritt and the Presidio, including the expeditionary forces. He will be under Major General Merriam, who was recently instructed by the war department to take entire control of all the forces after General Otis' departure. After tomorrow the troops remaining at Camp Merritt will be re-brigaded, and it is probable that Brigadier General Otis will be incommand of the fleet, comprising the St. Paul, Penncylvania and Rio de Janeiro, These will overtake the Peru and City of Puebla at Honolulu, and, after the annexation ceremony, the five ships will proceed to Manila, with General Cotts of Manila, with General annexation ceremony, the five ships will proceed to Manila, with General Otis in charge.

MRS RORER ON COMPLEXION.

Not a Matter of Outward Applica-

tion. Mrs. Rorer answers, in the Ladies' Home Journal, an enquirer about good complexion, reciting that it can only come from a healthy condition of the entire system, and that it is not a matter of outward application, finishing with the statement that "Your food cannot possibly agree with you if you have muscular rheumatism and a bad

It is a known fact that many people Washington, July 12.—Something over \$200,000 will be paid by this government as "head money" to the officers and saliors who destroyed Cervera's fleet. This is according to the law which provides payment of \$100 a head for every man on the ships of the snemy when those ships are destroyed. A few of the officers will receive pretty good fortunes. The law governing the distribution of this money is very explicit. Every man according to his rank will be paid in due scanon.

Records in the bureau of intelligence at the navy department show the complement of officers and men on the six

It is a known fact that many people fall to propertly digest that the starchy part of bread and other food. Grape-Nuts (a delightful breakfast food) are made of the grape-sugar which results from preparing the starchy part of the grape-sugar which results from preparing the starchy parts of the grape-sugar which results from preparing the starchy parts of the grape-sugar which results from preparing the starchy parts of the grape-sugar which results from preparing the starchy parts of the grape-sugar which results from preparing the starchy part (a delightful breakfast food) are made of the grape-sugar which results from preparing the starchy parts of the grape-sugar which results from preparing the starchy part (a delightful breakfast food) are made of the grape-sugar which results from preparing the starchy parts of the grape-sugar which results from preparing the starchy parts of the grape-sugar which results from preparing the starchy parts of the grape-sugar which results from the delightful breakfast food) are made of the grape-sugar which results from the delightful breakfast food) are made of the grape-sugar which results from the starchy parts of the grape-sugar which results from the starchy parts of the grape-sugar which results from the starchy parts of the grape-sugar which results from the starchy parts of the grape-sugar which results food and the grape-sugar which results from the starchy parts of the grape-sugar whic

SILVER TRIBUTE FROM A FRENCHMAN in the commissary department of the division. Senator Fairbanks is close to the administration and this information

Illinois Democrats Renew Their Allegiance to Both.

GOLD MEN REPENTANT

BEN CABLE WILL SUPPORT THE CHICAGO PLATFORM.

Oppressors Are Not All Spaniards and the Issues of 96 Are the Issues of '98-Resolutions Suppor the War.

Springfield, Ills., July 12.-The Demo cratic state convention today nominated the following state ticket: State Treasurer-William F. Penlope,

rheir deliverance from the Spaniara is certain, but when he shall be forever driven from the island, the hardest, almost hopeless task will be to keep her people free from eternal vassalage to foreign financiers and bond syndicates.

BEN CABLE REPENTS. The chief incident of the convention proceedings was a bitter fight over the

proceedings was a bitter fight over the appointment on the state central committee of two men prominent as Gold Democrats in 1896—Ben T. Cable of Rock Island and Roger C. Sullivan of the Fifth congressional district.

The fight was carried into the convention, where Cable was denounced as traitor, but the choice of both Cable and Sullivan as committeemen was finally ratified, it being announced that they would hereafter support the Chicago platform.

cago platform.
Former Governor Altgeld addressed the convention at length. He claimed for the Democrats credit for the present The ticket was put through without

opposition. For university trustee, Ja-cob E. Siler of Mount Carmel was named by the Populists in the fusion arrangement.

PLATFORM ADOPTED. The platform endorses the free silver and tariff planks of the Chicago declaration; favors an income tax amendment to the constitution and the adoption of national and state acti-trust legislation.

legislation.

The platform continues: "We reaffirm the Monroe doctrine and again pledge ourselves to abide by the advice of Washington, to keep ourselves free from entangling alliances with

Two names, John C. Tanquary of Wabash county and J. A. Kemady of Prairie City were chosen by the Populists to be submitted to the Democrats, either of which would be attisfactory as the fusion candidate for member of the board of frustess. University of II. the board of trustees, University of Il-

CALIFORNIA POPULISTS.

Democrats.

Farge, N. D., July 12.—Both the Populist and Democratic state conventions met here today. The Populists adopted a platform which is a combination of those adopted at St. Louis and Omaha. The Democrats endorsed the Chicago platform. A joint conference committee reported in favor of calling the fusion party "Independent Democratic."

The Democrats adopted the name, authorized a committee to name candidates for governor, attorney general, secretary of state, justice of the supreme court and one railroad commissioner for the Democrats and adjourned.

The Populists debated the adoption of the name suffil midnight without having reached a decision. The word "Democrat" is the cause of their discretement. Neither party can get on the official ballot except by petition if the fusion schedule fails.

MILITARY EXPERT PRAISES AMERICAN ARMY.

Not Throughout the World Is There Such a Splendid Lot of Fighting Men-Operation at Santiago.

Washington, July 12.-Major Grandprey, military attache of the French embassy, has just returned from the American headquarters near Santiago, where he has been ovserving for

ago, where he has been ovserving for his government the progress of military operations. He paid a glowing tribute to the ability of our soldiers.

"I have the most complete admiration for your men," said Major de Grandprey to an Associated Press reporter today. "They are a superb body individually and as an army, and I suppose not throughout the world is there such a splendid lot of fighting men. It is the fighting characteristic of the men which is most apparent. They are aggressive, eager for action, never needing the voice of an officer to push them forward.

State Superintendent of Public Instruction—Perry O. Stiver of Free Precort.

Trustees of the University of Illinois.

—Jacob E. Siler of Mt. Carmei, Napoleon B. Micheson of Odin, Dr. Julie Holmes Smith of Chicago.

—The convention was heid at the exposition building at the state fair grounds. Judge William Prentiss of Chicago was both temporary and permanent chairman, and A. C. Bentley of Pittsfield was secretary.

Judge William Prentiss said: "The issues of '86 are the issues of '86, and will continue to be until the American people gain financial independence and until the essential principles of the Cricago platform of '96 shall be enacted into law."

Referring to the war, he said: "No political party can claim the glory of it and have the claim allowed. It is a war waged by the American people in the noblest of all causes, the cause of humanity. But while we wage a foreign war, in behalf of human liberty, we must not forget the wronged and the oppressed at home. We must not forget the wronged and the oppressed at home. We must not forget the wronged and the oppressed at home. We must not forget the wronged and the oppressed at home. We must not forget the wronged and the oppressed at home. We must not forget the wronged and the oppressed at home. We must not forget the wronged and the oppressed at home. We must not forget the wronged and the oppressed at home. We must not forget the wronged and the oppressed at home. We must not forget the wronged and the oppressed at home. We must not forget the wronged and the same time carrying and other armies of modern times. The dense vegetation and tangie of tropicsi prime and other armies of modern times. The dense vegetation and tangie of tropicsi prime special prime from the shall be forever driven from the shall be forever driven from the island, the hardest, almost honeless task will be to keep driven from the island, the hardest, almost honeless task will be to keep driven from the shall be forever driven from the island, the hardest, almost honeless task will

dense vegetation and tangle of tropleal vines makes it impossible to observe the usual military formations. As a result there is little or no effort to fight in solid formation. Every man is fighting for himself, pushing forward through the shrubbery, vines and tall grass. It is impossible to see the enemy. There is no line of battle ahead against which the assault is directed. Only through the reports of pickets and from the crack of rifles here and there ahead is it known that a fighting force ahead is it known that a fighting force is there. This makes the shooting irreg-ular as it is seidom possible to see the opposing force. The main result of this is to bring the two fighting forces close together gradually until they are fight-ing at close range. In this respect Major de Grandprey points out that it is a return to the fighting of 200 years ago, when the short range of the arms then in use compelled fighting at close

then in use compelled fighting at close quarters.

Major Grandprey also speaks highly of the efficiency with which the American troops and supplies were started on their expedition and debarked in Cuba. This has come in for considerable criticism in this country, but Major de Grandprey says that, considering the brief time allowed for equipping the expedition, remarkable results were secured. European military expeditions such as those of England and France to Africa or other points, he says, are planned six months ahead, which allows ample time for working out the most minute details. The first word of Cervera's entering Santiago harbor was on May 16, and the vast military preparation was well under way and the vast military preparation was well under harbor was on May 16, and the vast military preparation was well under way and the expedition started early in the following month of June. This and the insignificant loss of men and animals in landing was an exceptionally good showing, judged by the best military standards. He says the foreign military observe, z were more concerned with this matter of embarking and disembarking troops, supplies and animals, than with the actual military maneuvers, as the moving of large forces constitutes one of the most important problems of military science.

MAGISTRATE BURNED ALIVE.

How a Chinese Official Was Treated

Disturbances continue on the West river. A Paklan magistrate who had offered a reward for the capture of a rebel chief, was himself captured by the chief. The latter drenched the mag-

the adoption of the most liberal policy toward the sick and wounded and the families of the slain."

POPULISTS MEET.

The people's party held a short session in representatives hall this morning and appointed a committee to confer with a committee tooking to a fusion of the parties in the coming campaign.

Two names, John C. Tanquary of Wabash county and J. A. Kenndy of Giliciais and warning the inhabitants officials and warning the inhabitants to depart before the rebels attack the

town.

The authorities here have purchased 5,000 rifles and are negotiating for a number of machine guns.

SENATOR KENNEY'S TRIAL.

Fusion Faction Wins and Will Nom- Delaware Statesman's Connection With a Bank Robbery.

With a Bank Robbery.

Wilmington, Del., July 12.—Greater crowds and even more intense interest greeted the opening of the United States circuit court today, when the trial of United States Senator Kenney, on charges of complicity in the crime of William N. Boggs, defaulting paying teller of the First National bank of Dover, was resumed. E. Page, manager on charges of complicity in the crime of William N. Boggs, defaulting paying teller of the First National bank of Dover, was resumed. E. Page, manager for Cuthbert & Co., of Philadelphia, the broker firm with which Boggs had conducted bis stock cambling rescales.

conducted his stock gambling specula-tions, was on the stand.

He identified various telegrams which had been sent by the firm to Kenney.

One dated June 24, 1896, quoted the price of Eay State Gas stock, and re-

quested Senator Kenney to send a check for \$1,000 for investment.

The entire afternoon was taken up with testimony showing the varying balances and overdrafts of Senator Kenney's account with the bank. It was shown that several of Kenney's overdraf were not charged against him on the bank's ledger.

PATRIOTIC EDUCATORS.

Concluded Their Convention By Singing America.

Washington, July 12 .- In the presence of over 3,000 persons, the majority of whom were delegates, the session of the whom were delegates, the secsion of the National Educational association came to a close tonight. The convention was concluded by the vast assemblage rising in their seats and singing "America." At its conclusion there was an outburst of enthusiasm such as is seldom seen in this city. Tonight's meeting was held in convention hall, in order that accommodations for all Toight be secured. President J. M. Greenwood presided, and a series of ten-minute speeches were made.

division. Senator Fairbanks is close to the administration and this information may be regarded as reliable.

General Sanger, commanding the Third division first army corps, has ordered the commanding officer of each command in his division to detail two non-commissioned officers and ten privates as a pioneer corps.

The men will be formed into a corps. Orders have also been issued by General Standler that regimental commanders prepare a list of all sharpshooters, also designating the second and third class marksmen. They are also to be formed into companies of sharpshooters and will be used in picking the guerrillas out of trees after the command reaches Cuba, if that ever comes to pass.

As evidence of the healthfuiness of the camp, an official report to General Brooke by the surgeon of the first corps shows that there were only 321 sick in the entire corps of 35,000 men.

AMERICANS DECEIVED.

English Correspondent at Havana Defends the Spaniards.

ndon, July 12.—The Havana corre spondent of the Times, in a letter dated June 12, describes events and daily life there, testifies to the excellent organ-ization and orderly conduct of the po-lice, who, nevertheless, "have been de-nounced by American journalists as armed ruffians and a terror to the law abiding."

The correspondent expresses

prise at the tolerance of the authorities in allowing native sympathizers with the rebels openly to talk sedition in the cafes, just as the American correspond-ents who swarmed in Havana before the war did, behaving as if they thought the stars and stripes were already flying over Cuba, and yet were never molested."

After remarking that "the inhabi-

After remarking that "the inhabitants take the war with coolness, since they have long been accustomed to guerilla warfare," the correspondent says: "The condition of the reconcentrados is pitiable, but the mortality is due in nine cases out of ten, not to starvation, but to malaria. They have been so long preyed upon by the insurgents that they fall easy victims to disease."

The writer proceeds to inveigh at great length against "American agitators," and especially the American press for "bringing about an unjust and foolish war by gross misstatements and foolish war by gross misstatements and exaggerations intended to inflame the passions of the warm-hearted and well meaning American people who, largely credulous and ignorant, became the ready dupes of agitators.

In another letter, dated June 16, the correspondent says: "Despite the fact that the authorities do their utmost to relieve suffering and that the government is selzing provisions bought up by

ment is selzing provisions bought up by speculators, famine is tightening upon the city and inspiring the population with terror. A barrel of lard was sold yesterday for £60."

CONGREGATIONAL SESSIONS. Alabama Contest Referred to the State For Settlement.

Portland, Ore., July 12 .- At the morning session of the national council of Congregationalists a number of minor committees were appointed. The report

The committee report on city evan-gelization, prepared by Rev. H. A. Stimson of New York, was presented and adopted by the council. "High Standards of Character for the Christian Ministry," was the subject of a paper by Rev. Professor A. L. Gil-lett of Hartford, Conn. Statements from a number of theo-

Statements from a number of theological seminaries were read, and a
general discussion followed.

At the evening session papers were
read by Rev. W. E. Barton of Boston
and E. G. Updyke of Madison, Wis., on
"The Church and Social Problems."
Miss Mary C. Collins of Fort Yates,
N. D., Indian missionary, delivered an
address on her work.
Rev. W. H. G. Temple of Seattle,
Wash, spoke on the subject of "Con-

Wash., spoke on the subject of "Con-gregationalism of the Twentieth Cen-

tury,"
The Alabama contest was brought up
and by a vote of 119 to 20 the report of the committee on creden tials was adopted, after being slightly amended. The committee report, as amended, refers the contest back to the state bodies of Alabama, and recommends that all the churches of the state elect delegates to a state convention, called for the purpose of settling the differences between the two state

WOUNDED OFFICERS.

Nature of Injuries-Each Granted Two Months' Leave.

Washington, July 12.-Information as to the specific character of the sickness and wounds of the officers brought ness and wounds of the officers brought to Tampa by the transport Cherokee, and afterwards taken to the Fort Mc-Pherson barracks at Atlanta, has been received at the war department. In each case the officer has been granted

two months' leave of absence.
The list received at the department is as follows:
Lieutenant G. J. Godfrey, Twenty-

Lieutenant F. W. Lewis, Twenty-sec-ond infantry, dysentery, Lieutenant C. McK. Saltzman, First

cavalry, great exhaustion.
Licutenant W. H. Wassel, Twenty-second infantry, wound in hand, cheek and neck. Chaplain Dwight Galloup, suffering

Chaplain Dwight Galloup, suffering from concussion of shell.
Captain Frank L. Allen, Second Massachusetts, rheumatism, back and legs. Captain John Bigelow, ir., Tenth cavalry, wound, shoulder, thigh and head. Captain A. C. Ducat, Twenty-fourth infantry, wound, both hips and groin. Major P. H. Ellis, Thirteenth, wound, left knee.
Lieutenant H. G. Lyon, Twenty-fourth infantry, wound, right hip. Lieutenant H. L. Kinnison, Twenty-fifth infantry, wound, left arm and breast.

LEITER MAKES A RAISE.

Old Partner to the Rescue With Two Million Dollars.

Chicago, July 12.-Levi Z. Leiter has sold to Marshall Field, his former partner in the firm of Field, Leiter & Co., the southeast corner of State and Madison streets, at a price understood to Missouri Prohibitionists.

St. Joseph, Mo., July 12.—The Fourth district congressional Prohibition convention today nominated a complete county and legislative ticket. For congress, Willis Forbes, representatives, W. E. Sullivan and John Charlton, St. Joseph.

Fusion In Montana.

Helena, Mont, July 12.—The Democrate on Sept. 21. It is generally conceded there will be three corrected fusion.

dom seen in this city. Tonight's meeting was held in convention hall, in order that accommodations for all vight be secured. President J. M. Greenwood presided, and a series of ten-minute speeches were made.

WILL GO TO PORTO RICO.

WILL GO TO PORTO RICO.

Destination of a Division of the First Army Corps.

Chickamanga National Park July 12.

A 'exter from Senator Fairbanks says the entire division of the first corps was will hold state conventions in Anaconda only. The property is now occupied by Schlesinger & Mayer's store, and has a frontage of 180 feet on State street and 73 feet on Madison. Field & Leiter were first associated together in business in 1856. In 1831 Mr. Leiter retired. Since that time, it is said, the two men have not spoken to each other, and now it is Mr. Field that has come to the assistance of his old friend and partner at a time when it is generally believed he stands in need of rendy cash to meet his zon's obligations.

Catarrh, like scrofula, is a disease of the hierd and may be cured by purifying the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. be \$2,100,000. The sale covers the ground

WAR LOAN SUBSCRIPTIONS.

DOLLARS.

Firms and Corporations Get Left.

Those For \$500 and Under Now Ag-

Sixty-five Millions-

bids, over a billion and a quarter of dollars.

Offers for large amounts are still coming in rapidity, two \$5,000,000 applications having been received yesterday. Although the hurry of receiving and scheduling the offers has prevented the officials from making any accurate compilations, it is known that the individual subscriptions are far in excess of the whole loan, and therefore Assistof the whole loan, and therefore Assistant Secretary Vanderlip will direct that, beginning next Thursday evening, all subscriptions from firms or corporations be immediately returned to the senders, with the checks accompanying them. This class of subscriptions alone now aggregate about \$125,000,000.

Packers Strike at Omaha. Omaha, Neb., July 12.-What started out Monday morning in a very small smoke Silver Moon, the l way promises to grow into a strike in-

volving all the packing houses at South Omaha. Monday morning 35 of the men at the Cudahy plant struck be-cause their demand from 15 to 17% cents will reach over a billion are ont on a strike. It is feared that the strike will become general.

WILLIAM G. MOORE DEAD.

Was Chief of Police at the National Capital.

Washington, July 12.-Major William G. Moore, for the past 12 years superin-Washington, July 12.—The subscriptions to the new war loan will close at 3 o'clock next Thursday afternoon. Up to this time both the number of subscriptions received and the aggregate amount subscribed for far exceed all estimates. Yesterday the number of subscriptions was about 21,000 for the day, and the total sum subscribed for reached the aggregate of \$229,000.

Those for \$500 and under to date are for about \$65,000,000, and it is expected that it will approximate \$75,000,000 by 3 o'clock on the 14th inst. The subscriptions for sums exceeding \$500 aiready aggregate \$321,000,000, and it is expected that it will approximate \$75,000,000 by 3 o'clock on the 14th inst. The subscriptions for sums exceeding \$500 aiready aggregate \$321,000,000, and it is expected that at the time of closing they will have reached \$445,000,000, making the grand total, including the large blanket hids, over a billion and a quarter of dollars.

Offers for large amounts are still tendent of police, died here today, aged

All of our readers are familiar with the Holland submarine boat, with which it is possible to go about completely under water. If the enemy have a big warship lying in a strongly fortified harbor, the boat can be submerged and make its way to the ship, place a powerful explosive under it and blow it to pieces without appearing above water. While this boat secretly destroys ships of the enemy. Ing above water. While this boat se-cretly destroys ships of the enemy, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters likewise attacks and overcomes dangerous dis-cases. A few doese will give relief in any stomach, liver or blood disorder. The Bitters not only cure the sick, but prevent, the well from becoming sick. They should be taken by all who need a strengthening tonic.

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committees were appointed. The report on secret societies was read by Rev. W. H. Davis of Newton, Mass.

The council accepted the report and the committee was discharged. Rev. I. W. Metcalf of Elyria, O., read a paper on "How to Secure the Property of Disbanded Churches."

At the afternoon session Rev. H. A. Hazen of Massachusetts read a paper on the "Future of Ecclesiastical Councils."

The Herald has arranged for a set of handsome books, similar in style to "Uncle Sam's Navy," which contain pictures made from photographs taken in the Philippines recently, which will be supplied to our patrons for one coupon and 10 cents, if delivered in the city, or one coupon and 12 cents if sent by mail.

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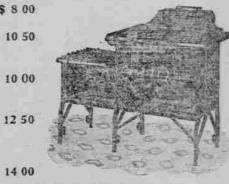
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